

PLEASANT REFLECTIONS.
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The store reflects the advertisement. The advertiser in the Virginia—his reflections are pleasant.



THE RETURNS IN.
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Look in the stores to-morrow and you will see the reflection of their advertisements in to-day's Virginia.

VOL. LII, NO. 146.

NORFOLK VIRGINIAN: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1896

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE COMPLEXION OF THE NEXT HOUSE AND SENATE

The Gold Forces Will Have a Clear Working Majority in Both Houses.

GOLD 216; SILVER 141

Chances For a Fair Show Towards the People's Money Metal Are Slim.

DEMOCRATS GAIN A DELAWARE SENATOR

The South Dakota Legislature Will Also Return a Democratic Senator—Election Returns from Various States Indicate that the Democrats Saved a Little from the Week.

New York, Nov. 6.—The development of the past twelve hours in the contested Congressional field have been few, but in one respect important—they practically demonstrate that the gold forces will fail to control the Senate in the Fifty-fifth Congress, which control yesterday was deemed probable. At that time the apparent division of the forces was as follows:

Gold Republicans, 35; gold Democrats, 2. Total, 46.
Silver Republicans, 9; silver Democrats, 26; Populists, 9. Total, 44.
Majority for gold, 2.

A FREE SILVER SENATOR.
One of the gold votes in that table was credited to North Dakota, but it now appears that the Legislature of that State will elect a free silver advocate to succeed Senator Hansbrough. To emphasize the truth of this fact Representative Pickler, who made the campaign as a candidate for Senator, has announced his withdrawal from the contest.

This will make the Senate a tie between the gold and silver forces, and should Senator Dubois' assertion of last spring—that no financial or tariff legislation should be accomplished that did not provide for the free coinage of silver—remain in force in the next Congress, and there be no individual changes of attitude on the subject by Senators, there is but little likelihood that anything will be done in that direction for another two years.

THE NEXT HOUSE.
According to to-day's advices the House will stand as follows:
Republicans, 214.
"Sound Money Democrats," 2.
Democrats, 118.
Silver Republicans, Populists and Fusionists, 23.
The delegations of the following States consisting of more than one member, will be solid in the next House:

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Democratic. | Republican. |
| Arkansas. | Connecticut. |
| Florida. | Iowa. |
| Georgia. | Maine. |
| Louisiana. | Massachusetts. |
| Mississippi. | Minnesota. |
| South Carolina. | New Hampshire. |
| Washington. | New Jersey. |
| | Oregon. |
| | Rhode Island. |
| | Vermont. |
| | Wisconsin. |
| Fusion. | |
| Colorado. | |

Results in Other States.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 6.—Lester, the last of the missing counties, gives McKinley 84 plurality. This indicates that the State is Republican by between 600 and 700.

Yankton, S. D., Nov. 6.—Returns from the entire State, except three counties, give the State to McKinley beyond doubt.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 6.—Little by little the official counts in the various counties are reaching Chairman Gowdy by telegraph and mail. He has not altered his estimate that McKinley's majority in the State is 20,000. He still feels confident that Indiana will send nine Republicans to Congress and that there will be a majority in the Legislature of 22 on a joint ballot. There is a tie on the legislative vote in Fulton county.

In 1892 the Democratic majority was 25. Chairman Gowdy says that another election will be necessary in all probability. Charles W. Fairbank's friends claim that he has the support of seventy per cent. of the Republican legislators for the United States Senate and that he will be elected without any difficulty.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 6.—The counting up of the returns for this county was finished by the men on the adding machine at 7:30 o'clock this evening. No disorder occurred after 3 o'clock this evening. The sheriff had a full force of deputies on hand all day to keep the crowds out of the courthouse. The result of the count showed that Flinn, Republican for sheriff, had his vote much reduced as compared with the figures given out by the election officers after the polls closed. The last count showed that he had but 182 plurality against 1,021 returned by the election officers. The result in the State on President no stands: McKinley, 20,452; Bryan, 16,615; Palmer, 955; Levering, 602. McKinley's plurality, 3,837.

James G. Shaw, a McKinley elector, whose name had "senior" added on one ticket in Newcastle county, was counted as two, but the vote in Kent and Sussex counties gave him more than the lowest man on the ticket, and he is elected. The vote for Congress was: Handy, Democrat, 16,612; Willis, Union Republican, 12,828; Houston, Republican, 7,158; Bayard, Sound Money, 933; Handy's plurality, 3,684. The vote for Governor resulted: Tunnell, Democrat, 16,694; Hoffecker, Union Republican, 12,669; Higgins, Republican, 6,997; Tunnell's plurality, 3,555.

In the Legislature the latest returns give the Democrats a majority of twenty on joint ballot, thus insuring the election of a Democrat to succeed ex-United States Senator Higgins.

MRS. CASTLE'S TRIAL.

An Affecting Scene When She Was Convicted.

London, Nov. 6.—Mrs. Castle appeared in court to-day and she was attended by two female nurses and her husband. Upon the reading of the charge, Mr. Castle stood boldly upright and answered: "Not guilty to each of the seven counts. On behalf of Mrs. Castle, Sir Edward Clarke said that she pleaded guilty to each charge and proceeded to give the reasons for making such a plea.

While Sir Edward Clarke was speaking Mrs. Castle remained seated. She was dressed in sombre black and kept her face covered with a handkerchief. While the jury was being sworn the silence was broken only by Mrs. Castle's sobbing.

When the first charge was read, that of stealing a sable worth £2 and a skin worth £5, Mr. Avery, for the prosecution, said: "Subject to any opinion which your Lordship may express, it appears to me that Mr. Castle was not a guilty party to the thefts, and therefore the prosecution will not offer any evidence against Mr. Castle."

The jury was instructed to return a verdict of "not guilty," and doing so Mr. Castle was immediately discharged. Sir Frank Lockwood, Q. C., then began his opening for the defense, dilating in the course of his address upon the terrible position of Mrs. Castle, who had hitherto been a reputable woman, occupying a high social position.

Mr. Avery replied, giving the details of the evidence as taken in the Police Court, in regard to the searching of Mrs. Castle's trunks in which a number of articles were found, many of them still having their sale tickets attached. In not a single instance, he said, was Mrs. Castle detected in taking anything, so she must have done her work so skilfully that even her husband, who was beside her, was unable to see what she was doing.

Sir Edward Clarke, Q. C., for the defense, said that in view of the cruelty to which Mrs. Castle would have been subjected in having the facts discussed before her, he had advised the lady to plead guilty. She was not in want of money, and the insanity of her proceedings was proved in the fact of her handing a piece of fur with the sale ticket attached, showing the name of the owner, the price, etc., to another person for the purpose of getting the fur matched.

Dr. Gigg, a specialist in woman's diseases, was called to the stand and testified he had examined Mrs. Castle and found that her condition was such as to justify him in concurring in the statements made by Sir Edward Clarke.

Dr. George H. Savage, one of the leading specialists in female diseases in England, and others, corroborated this testimony.

While this testimony was being given the court room had become almost suffocating and a number of ladies, the friends of Mrs. Castle, who had been crowded to the benches, an unusual occurrence, while others found seats upon the stairs and in and around the counsel's benches, until every inch of available space was filled.

Sir Edward Clarke here interposed, saying that Mrs. Castle's friends were only anxious to remove her to a place of quiet if the Court took a favorable view of the matter.

The chairman and the magistrates then retired to another room for the purpose of deliberation.

After fifteen minutes' absence, the magistrates returned to the court room, in which profound silence reigned. Mrs. Castle was then brought into court and the clerk of the court announced that Mrs. Castle had been convicted upon all of the seven indictments against her.

Chairman McConnell said that he would not prolong the painful scene, and, therefore, would at once proceed to pass sentence, which was that the prisoner be confined in jail, without hard labor, for three months.

As the Chairman pronounced the sentence all eyes turned upon Mrs. Castle, who stood dazed for a moment and then, as the full import of the Chairman's words came to her, became hysterical, obliging the nurses and the prison warden to support her. She then began to moan piteously, and finally to scream and struggle violently. She was removed from the room as quickly as possible.

DEATH OF JOHN B. INMAN.

The Great Financier Died Up in the Berkshire Hills.

New York, Nov. 6.—The funeral of John B. Inman, late Rapid Transit Commissioner, who died yesterday morning at a little country inn in the Berkshire Hills, will occur to-morrow. The body arrived in this city at 12:30 o'clock yesterday morning and was taken to Mr. Inman's late home, at 874 Fifth avenue.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The President has removed from office Postmaster Ridgely, of Springfield, Ill., and appointed to succeed him Charles A. Keys

BRYAN TO AMERICANS

A Clarion Call from the Defeated Leader Bidding the Bimetallists to Take Fresh Courage and Buckle on the Armor for the Great Struggle Four Years Hence.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—William J. Bryan this afternoon gave out the following statement to the bimetallicists of the United States:

"Conscious that millions of loyal hearts are saddened by temporary defeat, I beg to offer a word of hope and encouragement. No cause ever had supporters more brave, earnest and devoted than those who have espoused the cause of bimetallicism. They have fought from conviction, and have fought with all the zeal which conviction inspires. Events will prove whether they are right or wrong. Having done their duty as they saw it, they have nothing to regret."

"The Republican candidate has been heralded as the advance agent of prosperity. If his policies bring real prosperity to the American people, those who opposed him will share in that prosperity. If, on the other hand, his policies prove an injury to the people generally, those of his supporters who do not belong to the office-holding class, or to the privileged classes, will suffer in common with those who opposed him."

"The friends of bimetallicism have not been vanquished, they have simply been overcome. They believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy against the welfare of the human race and until convinced of their error they will continue the warfare against it."

The contest has been waged this year under great embarrassment and against great odds. For the first time during this generation, public attention has been centered upon the money question as the paramount issue, and this has been done in spite of all attempts upon the part of our opponents to prevent it. The Republican convention held out the delusive hope of international bimetallicism, while the Republican leaders labored secretly for gold monometallicism. Gold standard Democrats have publicly advocated the election of the Indianapolis ticket, while they labored secretly for the election of the Republican ticket. The trusts and corporations have boasted that they were the custodians of national honor, while they were secretly bartering away the nation's financial independence. But in spite of the efforts of the Administration and its supporters, in spite of the threats of the money lenders at home and abroad, in spite of the coercion practiced by corporate employers, in spite of trusts and syndicates, in spite of an enormous Republican campaign fund, and in spite of the influence of a hostile daily press, bimetallicism has almost triumphed in its first great fight.

"The loss of a few states, and that too by very small pluralities, has defeated bimetallicism for the present, but bimetallicism emerges from the contest stronger than it was four months ago."

I desire to commend the work of the three national committees which have joined in the management of the campaign. Co-operation between the members of district political organizations is always difficult, but it has been less so this year than usual. Interest in a common cause of great importance has reduced friction to a minimum. I hereby express my personal gratitude to the individual members, as well as the executive officers of the National Committee of the Democratic, Populist and Silver parties, for their efficient, untiring and unselfish labors. They have laid the foundation for future success and will be remembered as pioneers when victory is at last secured.

No personal or political friend need grieve because of my defeat. My ambition has been to secure immediate legislation, rather than to enjoy the honors of office, and therefore defeat brings me no feeling of personal loss.

Speaking for the wife who has shared my labors, as well as for myself, I desire to say that we have been amply repaid for all that we have done. In the love of millions of our fellow citizens, so kindly expressed, in the knowledge gained by personal contact with the people, and in broadened sympathies, we find full compensation for whatever efforts we have put forth.

In the face of an enemy rejoicing in victory let the roll be called for the next engagement and urge all friends of bimetallicism to renew their allegiance to the cause.

Until convinced of his error, let each advocate of bimetallicism continue the work. Let all silver clubs retain their organization, hold regular meetings, and circulate literature. Our opponents have succeeded in this campaign, and must now put their theories to the test. Instead of talking mysteriously about "sound money" and "an honest dollar" they must now elaborate and defend a financial system. Every step taken by them should be publicly considered by the silver clubs. Our cause has been prospered most where the money question has been longest discussed among the people. During the next four years it will be studied all over this nation, even more than it has been studied in the past.

The year 1900 is not far away. Before that year arrives international bimetallicism will cease to deceive; before that year arrives those who have called themselves gold standard Democrats will become bimetallicists and be with us, or they will become Republicans and be open enemies; before that year arrives trusts will have convinced still more people that a trust is a menace to private welfare and to public safety.

Before that year arrives the evil effects of a gold standard will be even more evident than they are now, and the people then ready to demand an American financial policy for the American people will join with us for the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

(Signed) W. J. BRYAN.

DANIEL TO VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS

The State Leader Eloquently Reviews the National Battle and Pays a Splendid Tribute to the Great Work Done by the Party in Virginia this Year.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 6.—An evening paper in this city prints the following:

Lynchburg, Va., November 6, 1896. To the Editor of the State:

There is no reason for true Democrats to be cast down. The party was overthrown two years ago by an unprecedented majority and started this campaign handicapped by an Administration which had gone in partnership with its enemies. Notwithstanding this, it has made decided gains in Congress, and considering that the Bryanites' great leader fought "against wind and tide," the result is the most marvelous achievement of American politics.

The wisdom of the Democrats in the nomination of Bryan has been vindicated. He has compelled the respect of his foes, endeared the hearts of his friends, and upheld our cause with tireless energy, noble eloquence and unanswerable logic. He is to-day the foremost citizen of America—"First in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen."

The American people have shown that they possess that self-control which is the highest form of self-assertion. Never was so great a struggle involving such great interests attended with such few incidents of ill-behavior or violence, and in the well-tempered character of our people we behold the best guarantee of the perpetuity of self-government.

The distressing and mournful feature of the campaign was the shamelessness with which money and coercion were employed without rebuke or dissent from those who profess to teach political morality. Public sentiment has been shocked by their brazen mal-practices, but this republic is too young, too fresh and too manly to indorse deliberately the debauchery of the suffrage.

The Opposition of Monopolies of the Money Power.
The combined monopolies of the country were opposed to us and there was not a lifting tongue or pen or vote that was not enlisted against Bryan.

Every autocrat and every plutocrat in Europe is to-day rejoicing over McKinley's victory, and well they may, for it was an European and not an American victory.

McKinleyism will dissipate its votaries. It cannot manufacture prosperity, out of higher taxes and less money, and its promise to promote international bimetallicism is predestined to failure. All of its pledges will prove dead sea fruit and under their fallacies exposed Democracy will rise again triumphant.

The Democracy of Virginia is beyond praise. It stood the shock of battle unawed by menace and uncorrupted by vanity. We have no reason to be cast down. Our principles live, our party is vital in every part and it abides its time with undaunted faith and courage.

JOHN W. DANIEL.

MURDERERS CAPTURED

A Father and Son Taken, They Confessing to Election Day Murders.

THEY ADMIT HAVING KILLED FOUR MEN

The Affray in Which the Crimes Were Committed Occurred in Mingo County, West Virginia, and the Murderers Were of the Celebrated Hatfield Family.

Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 6.—H. J. Clark, a famous detective and deputy sheriff of the Norfolk and Western, accompanied by Daniel Christian, arrived here at daybreak this morning with Captain Hatfield and his fourteen-year-old son, who were captured in the mountains of Mingo county at dusk last night.

They are charged with the murder of John Rutherford, Elliott Rutherford and Hans Chambers on election day at Mattawan.

Hatfield and son were interviewed at the jail to-day and they do not seem the least worried over the affair.

A SMILING CONFESSION.

The lad smiled and said: "I killed both Elliott Rutherford and Chambers," while the father acknowledged the killing of John Rutherford.

Hatfield and son were asleep in the crevice of a large rock cliff on Tag river when the officers discovered them.

AFRAID OF MOB VIOLENCE.

They were brought here and placed in jail for fear of mob violence.

Hatfield had two Winchester and two large revolvers, while the son was sleeping with a Winchester on each side of him.

Thousands of persons were at the jail this morning trying to get a peep at the notorious outlaws.

POLITICAL COMBINES

All Kinds of Arrangements Being Discussed by the Politicians in Richmond.

REPUBLICANS AND GOLD DEMOCRATS

Democrats and Populists—These Are Some of the Combinations Discussed by the Leaders—Judge Waddill Dispenses the Patronage—No Contest with Captain Lamb.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 6.—(Special).—The "Sound Money League," of which Mr. Frank T. Glasgow is president, and A. B. Gairson, is general counsel, will not go out of business.

The League has opened permanent headquarters, and now will turn its attention toward securing a new election law for Virginia.

There is every indication that the State contest will open up without delay, and the pushed vigorously on both sides. Soon a movement will be started looking to fusion between gold Democrats and Republicans on the election law issue. General James A. Walker and General T. M. Logan are the men most talked of

WHO WILL BE REAPERS IN THE 'KINLEY HARVEST?

A List of His Norfolk Supporters Who Will Ask for Reward for Their Services.

for Governor. Some of the gold Democrats are talking of Fitz Lee, but it is generally believed here that he will not consent to run under any circumstances.

POPULISTS AND DEMOCRATS.

What of the Populists? It is a question often asked now. There is no doubt that the Democrats will be willing to make favorable terms with them for their support next year, and the Populists as a rule are more friendly toward the silver Democrats than they are toward the gold Democrats. But, then, the Populists have been crying out against our election laws, and this week the Virginia Sun, which supported Bryan, has something to say in condemnation of those laws, but denounces more bitterly the alleged practices of the Republicans and gold Democrats.

FULL OF INTEREST.

The situation is, to say the least, decidedly interesting. Neither side will lose any time in getting down to work and shaping the issues for the struggle. Each side will play for the Populist vote, and Mr. Hobson and his following will receive plenty of attention. J. Hoge Tyler and Congressman W. A. Jones are the persons oftentimes spoken of for the Democratic nomination for Governor.

TO DISH OUT OFFICES.

It is stated here upon very good authority that Judge Waddill will have a hand in dispensing all the Federal patronage in Virginia. Candidates are numerous and the Judge's life is being made miserable. Ex-Sheriff J. W. Southard wants to be United States marshal and thus thrust himself into the front of battle, doing all in his power to assist in the election of the Man of Destiny. It is also remembered that Col. Lamb advocated the cause of Dr. Wise, the nominee for Congress, recognized by the State and National Republican Committees. Col. Lamb and his followers opposed this nominee and the will of these guiding committees to the bitter end, creating and maintaining a faction which the Lamb Republicans, with much reason from their point of view, decry. Col. Lamb's election, for had the break been healed and had Mr. Bowden and his followers gone loyally to the support of the State chairman, there is little doubt that Mr. W. M. Whaley would never have been nominated, and with a united gold force before him, Mr. Young would certainly have had a very hard fight.

Be all this as it may, a close observer of the situation from now on till the last plum drops will find much that will instruct, amuse and amaze him. Already, before McKinley's election has gotten cold, the scramble has begun and the two factions are arrayed against each other.

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Judge Edgar Allan, of Richmond, Col. Lamb's bitterest political foe in the State, is said to be an aspirant for the office of United States District Attorney, a position now occupied by Mr. William H. White, recently appointed by President Cleveland. It is also believed by a great many that Mr. White's chances of holding his job are about as good as Judge Allan's are of getting it.

THERE ARE OTHERS.

But Judge Allan is not alone in his aspirations in this direction. It is said that Col. Thomas R. Borland, of this city, would not refuse the job, even if it were offered to him on a silver platter, and it is further hinted that Judge Robert M. Hughes would also accept this plum were it proffered, while Maj. C. W. Murdaugh, of Portsmouth, would not be averse to holding the position himself.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

As to the office of Assistant District Attorney, which contains more work to do and amount of glory therein than most Federal offices, Mr. D. Lawrence Grier, of Norfolk, is thought to be one of the most indefatigable and brilliant of McKinley's campaigners in the Second District, is very prominently mentioned, as is also Mr. Hugh Miller, who fought valiantly but impartially under both the Palmer and McKinley standards, which is to say he advocated the supremacy of gold chiefly, setting other topics, for most part, aside.

COLLECTOR OF PORT.

Mr. George E. Bowden will doubtless come in for a good job under the administration, for he has backed McKinley through thick and thin. It is whispered that the office his heart most yearns for is that of collector of the Port. From time mentioned on this position also is Capt. Patrick O'Connor, also a tried and true lieutenant.

WOULD LIKE TO SERVE UNCLE SAM.

Capt. H. B. Nichols would also like to serve Uncle Sam in the capacity, it is said, of Postmaster at this point, while Capt. Robert W. Lamb and Col. J. R. Waddy would hardly object to having charge of the same shop, and are spoken of in this connection. A. L. Lindsay, his friends say, would fill a similar position in Portsmouth to a nicety, and are accordingly advocating him for the place.

OTHER OFFICES ALSO.

Major Milligan, than whom there are none more competent or who have been more unflinchingly in the ranks of Republicanism, it is thought would be a valuable Inspector of Halls, and Mr. J. W. Gairson of Portsmouth, is urged by many of his friends as exactly the proper man for Steamboat Inspector.

Dr. Week, eye expert, is located permanently. Examinations free. R. T. Gale, 152 Main street.

If you want a good pair of glasses see Dr. Week, 152 Main street.

"Newest Discovery"—Ext. teeth; no pain. N. Y. D. Rooms, Ennis, 152 Main street.